

4.—Indexes of Volume of Mineral Production, by Principal Minerals, 1941-50—concluded

Mineral	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950
FUELS										
Coal.....	110.6	114.5	108.4	103.3	94.1	108.1	96.3	111.9	116.0	116.1
Natural gas.....	226.4	237.9	230.5	234.6	252.0	249.4	274.1	305.1	314.7	353.1
Petroleum.....	2780.6	2844.0	2758.3	2771.2	2327.6	2081.4	2110.7	3371.3	5846.0	7969.3
NON-METALLICS (EXCLUDING FUELS)										
Asbestos.....	171.0	157.3	167.2	150.1	167.1	199.8	236.9	256.5	205.8	313.3
Gypsum.....	180.3	64.1	50.6	67.5	95.0	204.9	282.6	364.0	341.1	414.9
Quartz.....	884.5	748.9	765.6	749.8	652.2	609.0	791.3	869.2	742.2	745.7
Salt.....	213.6	249.0	261.9	264.8	256.4	204.9	277.5	282.3	285.3	327.1
Sulphur ¹	673.8	787.0	667.3	642.9	648.1	608.4	574.7	536.4	678.6	780.5
STRUCTURAL MATERIALS										
Cement.....	96.1	104.8	83.9	82.6	97.3	132.8	137.1	162.2	182.8	192.3
Lime.....	208.0	213.8	219.3	213.9	201.1	203.1	236.1	254.5	246.2	271.6
Sand and gravel.....	184.7	154.0	150.4	166.0	173.9	233.4	331.9	401.3	370.2	427.1
Stone.....	124.1	124.7	112.9	93.7	97.0	125.9	170.2	182.8	217.7	282.7

¹ 1923=100, previous years not being comparable.

Subsection 2.—Provincial Distribution of Mineral Production

Since 1907, Ontario has been the principal mineral-producing province of Canada. In 1942 that Province accounted for 46 p.c. of Canada's total, but its share declined steadily to 36 p.c. in 1951. Alberta's share of the total showed the greatest increase in the ten-year period, rising from 8 p.c. to 14 p.c., and accounted for by the tremendous increase in the crude petroleum output of that Province. The proportion contributed by Quebec increased in the same period from 18 p.c. to 20 p.c. British Columbia, Saskatchewan and Manitoba remained about the same with 14 p.c., 4 p.c., and 2 p.c., respectively, while Nova Scotia decreased from 6 p.c. to 5 p.c. Newfoundland produced 4 p.c. of the total mineral production of Canada in 1951. As compared with 1950, gains in value were registered for all provinces except Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Manitoba.

5.—Mineral Production, by Provinces, 1942-51

NOTE.—Figures for the years 1899-1910, inclusive, will be found at p. 345 of the 1933 Year Book; for 1911-28 at p. 323 of the 1939 edition; and for 1929-41 at p. 323 of the 1946 edition.

Year	Newfoundland	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba
1942.....	\$...	\$ 32,783,165	\$ 3,609,158	\$ 104,300,010	\$ 259,114,946	\$ 14,345,046
1943.....	...	29,979,837	3,676,834	101,610,678	232,948,959	13,412,266
1944.....	...	33,981,977	4,133,902	90,182,553	210,706,307	18,830,406
1945.....	...	32,220,659	4,182,100	91,518,120	216,541,856	14,429,423
1946.....	...	35,350,271	4,813,166	92,785,148	191,544,429	16,403,549
1947.....	...	34,255,560	5,812,243	115,151,635	249,797,671	18,236,763
1948.....	...	56,400,245	7,003,285	152,038,867	294,239,673	26,081,349
1949.....	27,583,615	56,092,830	7,134,009	165,021,513	323,368,644	23,839,638
1950.....	25,824,047	59,482,173	12,756,975	220,176,517	366,801,525	32,691,173
1951 ^a	32,828,771	59,387,855	10,282,408	249,553,652	437,085,123	28,397,223
	Saskatchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Canada
1942.....	\$ 20,578,749	\$ 47,359,831	\$ 77,247,932	\$ 3,453,568	\$ 3,976,267	\$ 566,768,672
1943.....	26,735,984	48,941,210	68,442,386	1,625,819	2,679,993	530,053,966
1944.....	22,291,848	51,066,662	57,246,071	939,319	1,440,069	485,819,114
1945.....	22,336,074	51,753,237	64,063,842	1,239,058	470,812	498,755,181
1946.....	24,480,900	60,082,513	74,622,846	1,693,904	1,039,525	602,816,251
1947.....	32,594,016	67,432,270	116,772,621	2,095,508	2,720,988	644,869,675
1948.....	34,517,208	93,211,229	148,223,614	4,265,910	4,267,485	820,248,865
1949.....	36,054,536	113,728,425	136,385,911	5,099,176	6,801,729	901,110,026
1950.....	35,983,923	135,758,940	138,888,205	9,035,696	8,050,899	1,045,450,073
1951 ^a	50,907,504	173,230,766	168,293,273	9,809,223	8,229,681	1,228,005,479